



Research sector in NCBJ

Nuclear Facilities Operations Reaktor **MARIA** Department

Radioisotope Centre

Hirsh Index 213

One of the largest research institutes in Poland

1170 employees, inc. 80 prof. & 185 PhD

Doctoral School: ~44 students

Material Physics Department

LBM

Division of Nuclear Equipment



Department of Fundamental Research Science and Technology Park

Department of Nuclear Techniques and Equipment

International Research Agenda NOMATEN

Complexity Center



Scientific-and-Industry Centers

budget: ~100 M€

Scientific achievements:

~500-600 reviewed peer-reviewed papers yearly

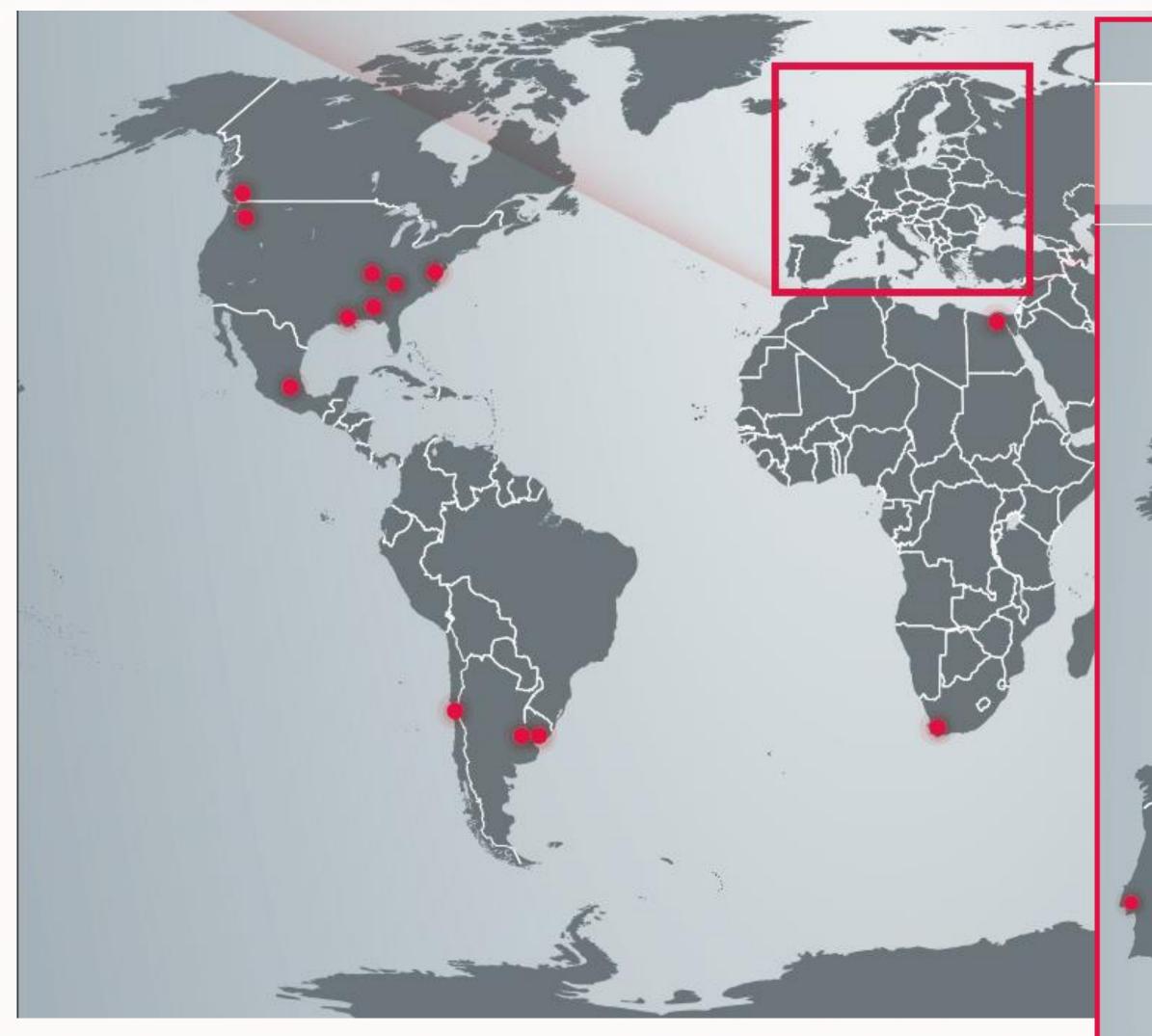


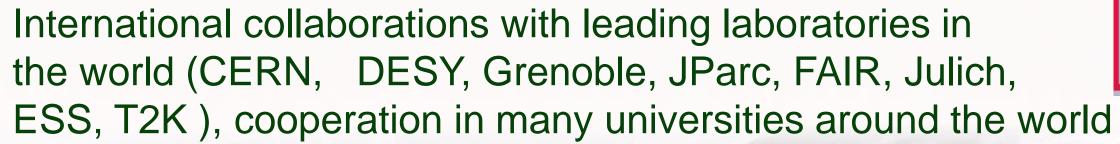
EU projects: success rate: 30%





Research collaboration

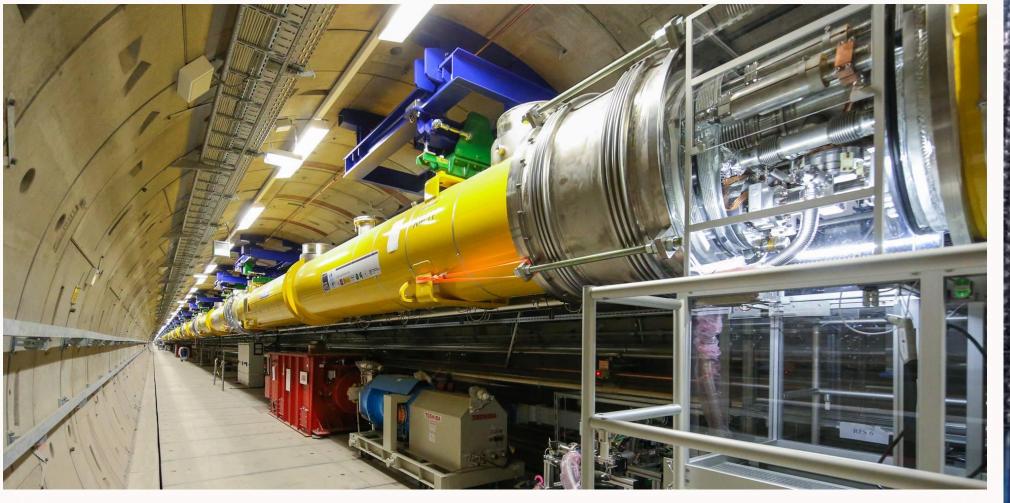


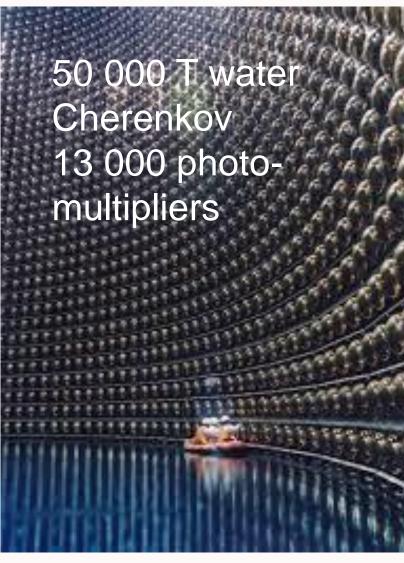








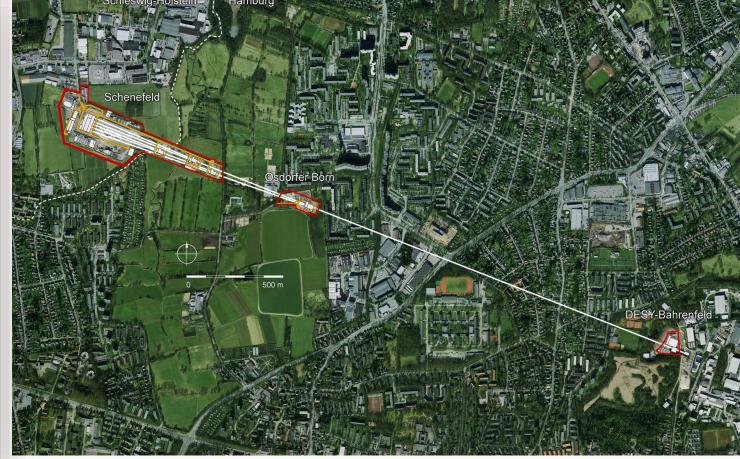




NCBJ contribution:

- CMS muon trigger system
- LHCb "straw tube"
- Linac4 accelerating structures
- GBAR electron accelerator







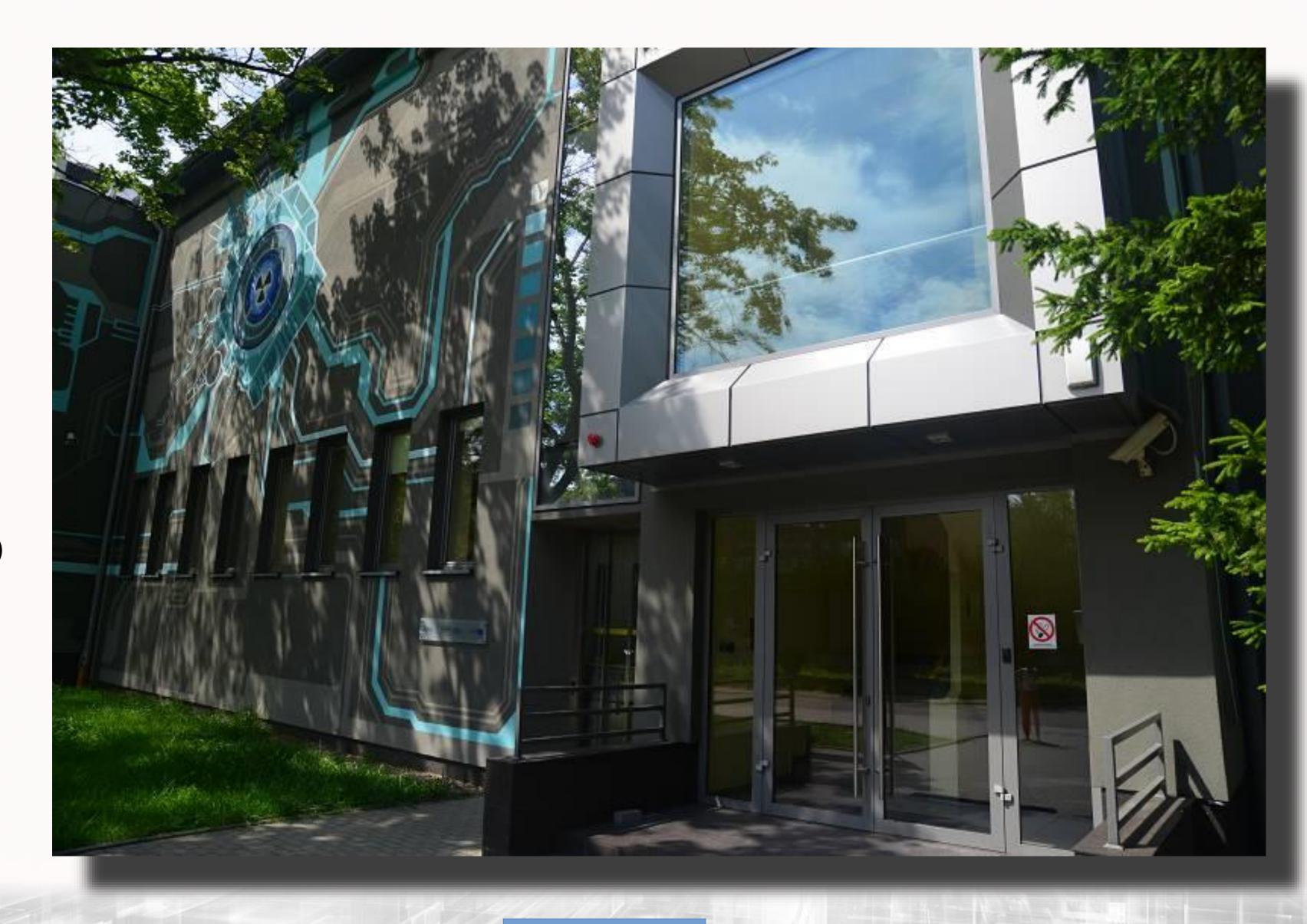
Computing Centre Świerk



Thermal and flow calculations, Material sciences computations Molecular dynamics, Data analysis for CERN:

Tier-1
in Worldwide LHC Computing Grid (WLCG)
(and soon CMS)
Astrophysics
MC calculations

~ 80 000 cores



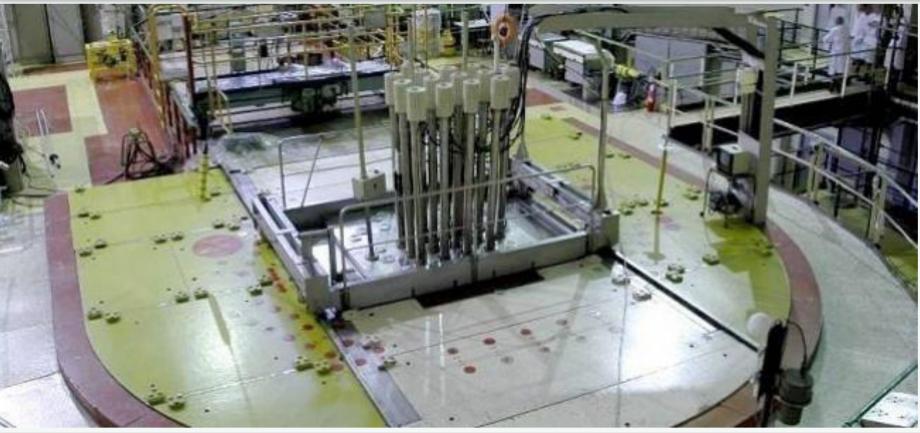
Nuclear research reactor MARIA

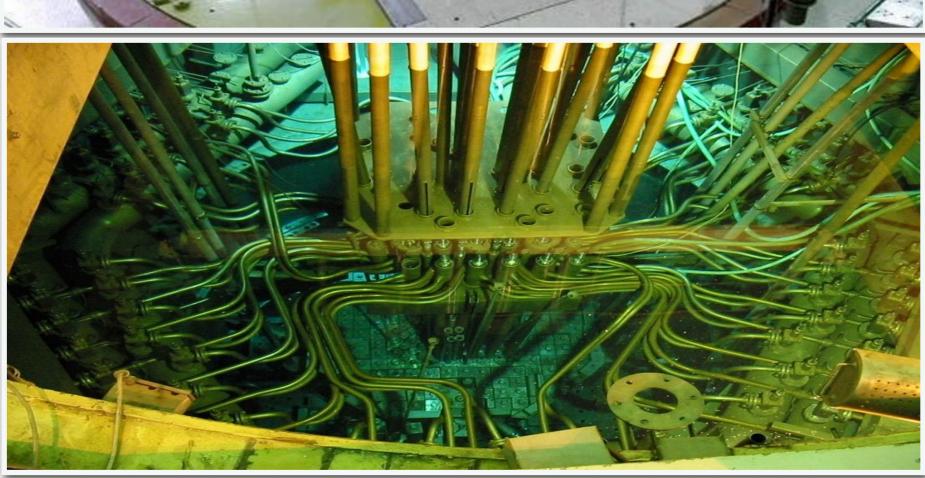


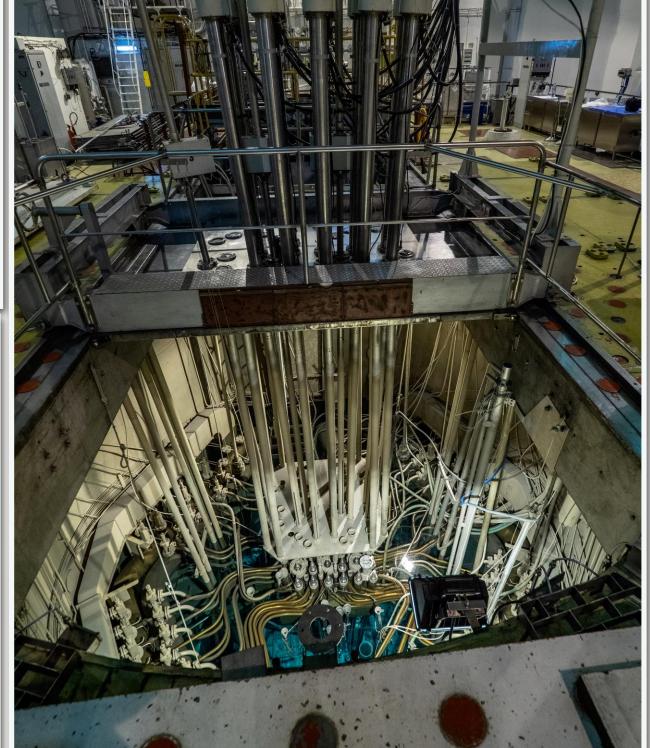




- modernized 1999 till now
- pool type
- H₂O, Be moderated
- 30 MW thermal power
- neutron flux:
 - o thermal 4·10¹⁴ n/cm²s
 - o fast 2·10¹⁴ n/cm²s







One of the best neutron sources!

- Curium
- POLATOM-NCBJ

Radioisotopes for 400k patients a week!



Nuclear research reactor MARIA – steering room







Radiopharmaceuticals with marketing authorisation

Quality Assurance System certified:

ISO: PN-EN ISO 9001:2015-10 cGMP and GLP



Export to 80 countries
100% Polish market
(except PET)
Medicines for 17 million
patients a year

WE ARE ALL OVER THE WORLD









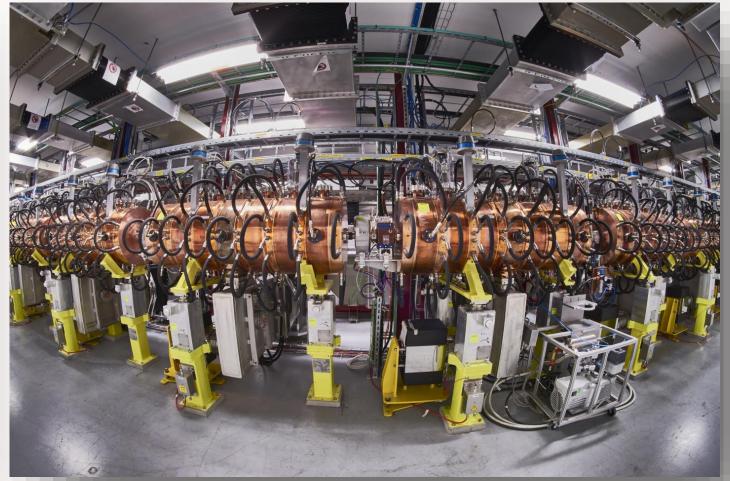


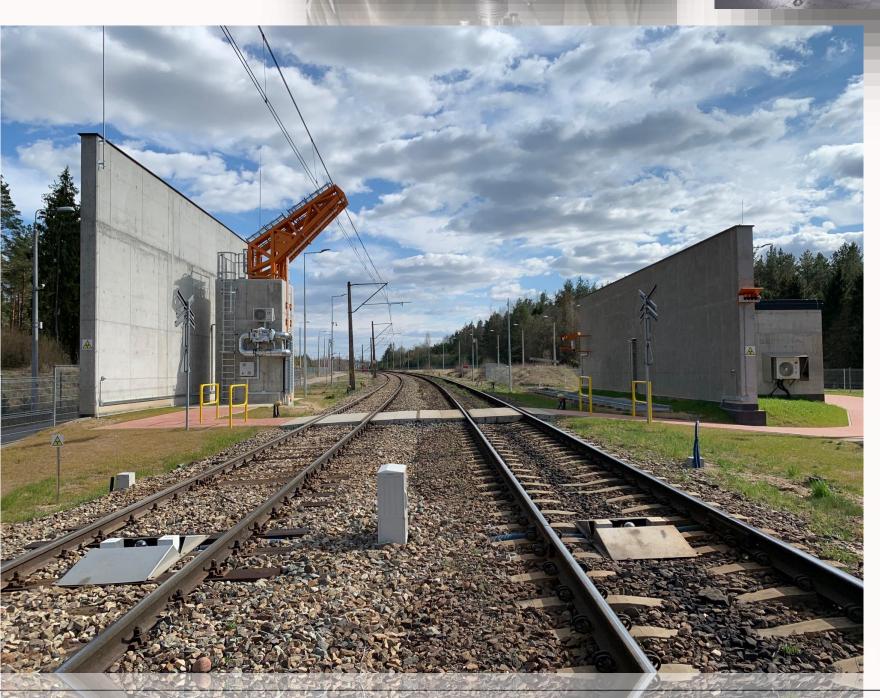
ZDAJ - HITEC

HITEC

Positron source for G-Bar experiment in CERN





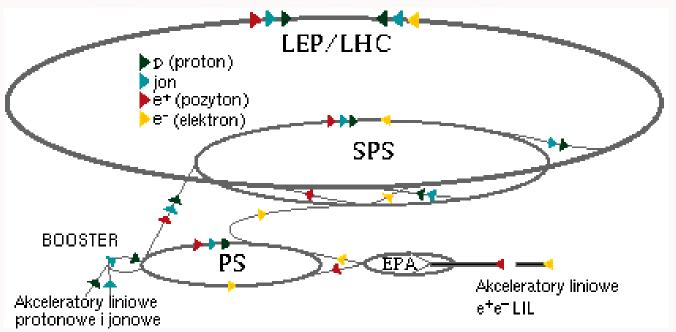




Linac4 for accelerator complex in CERN:

PIMS - PI mode structures:

12 accelerating structures C - N







Mobile accelerators for medicine and civil protection





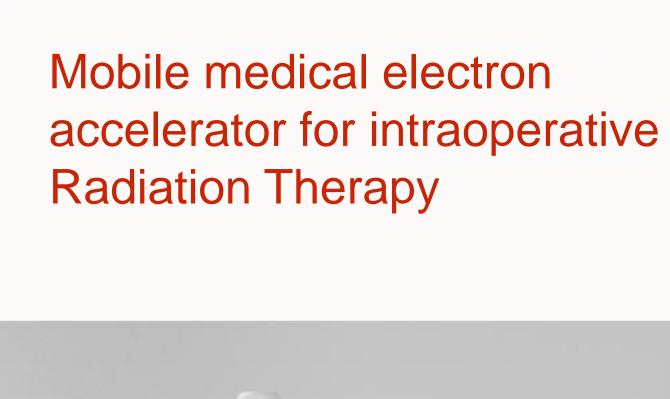


Nuclear technology - HITEC















150 projects among them Infrastructure projects: ~200 M€



- Partnership NCBJ VTT (FIN) CEA (FRA)
- ISC

Center of Excellence - EC grant Teaming + IRA grant from FNP cost: ~ 25 M€

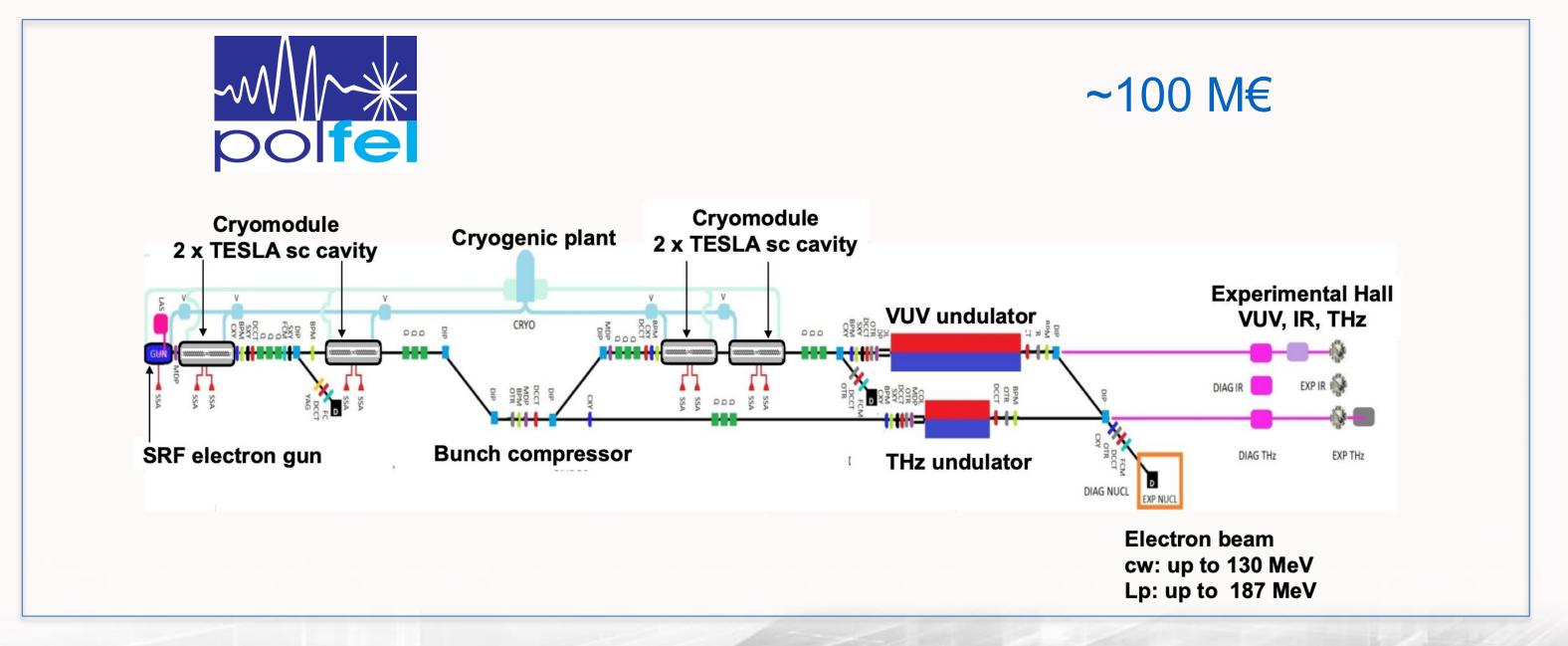


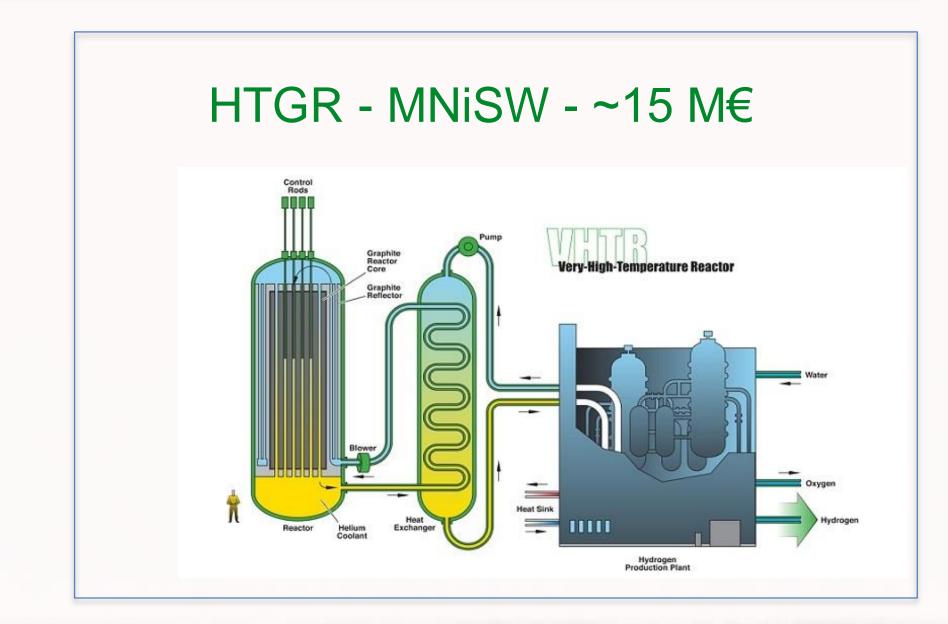
double radiographic accelerator + LAB cost: ~ 5 M€



cost ~50 M€

Center of Design and Synthesis of Radiopharmaceuticals for Molecular Targeting







New projects - CERAD











Center of Design and Synthesis of Radiopharmaceuticals for Molecular Targeting

Objective: to improve and expand the research infrastructure located at the NCBJ for research programs oriented at the design and pre-clinical evaluation of new drugs carrying the radioactive probe (radiopharmaceuticals) and other multimodality probes, suitable for diagnostic and therapeutic application using biologically active molecules traced at the cellular and molecular level

Widdening the range of available radionuclides:

¹¹C, ¹³N, ¹⁵O, ¹⁸F, ²²Na, ⁴⁴Sc, ⁴⁷Sc, ⁷⁴As, ⁶⁴Cu, ⁶⁷Cu, ⁶⁷Ga, ⁶⁸Ge, ⁸¹Rb, ⁸²Sr, ⁸⁶Y, ⁸⁹Zr, ^{94m}Tc, ^{99m}Tc, ¹⁰⁹Cd, ¹¹¹In, ¹²³I, ¹²⁴I, ²⁰¹TI, ²¹¹At, ²²⁵Ac,

Novel imaging techniques:

Multimodality scanners, Chemical synthesis and Biochemical laboratories,

30 MeV cyclotron

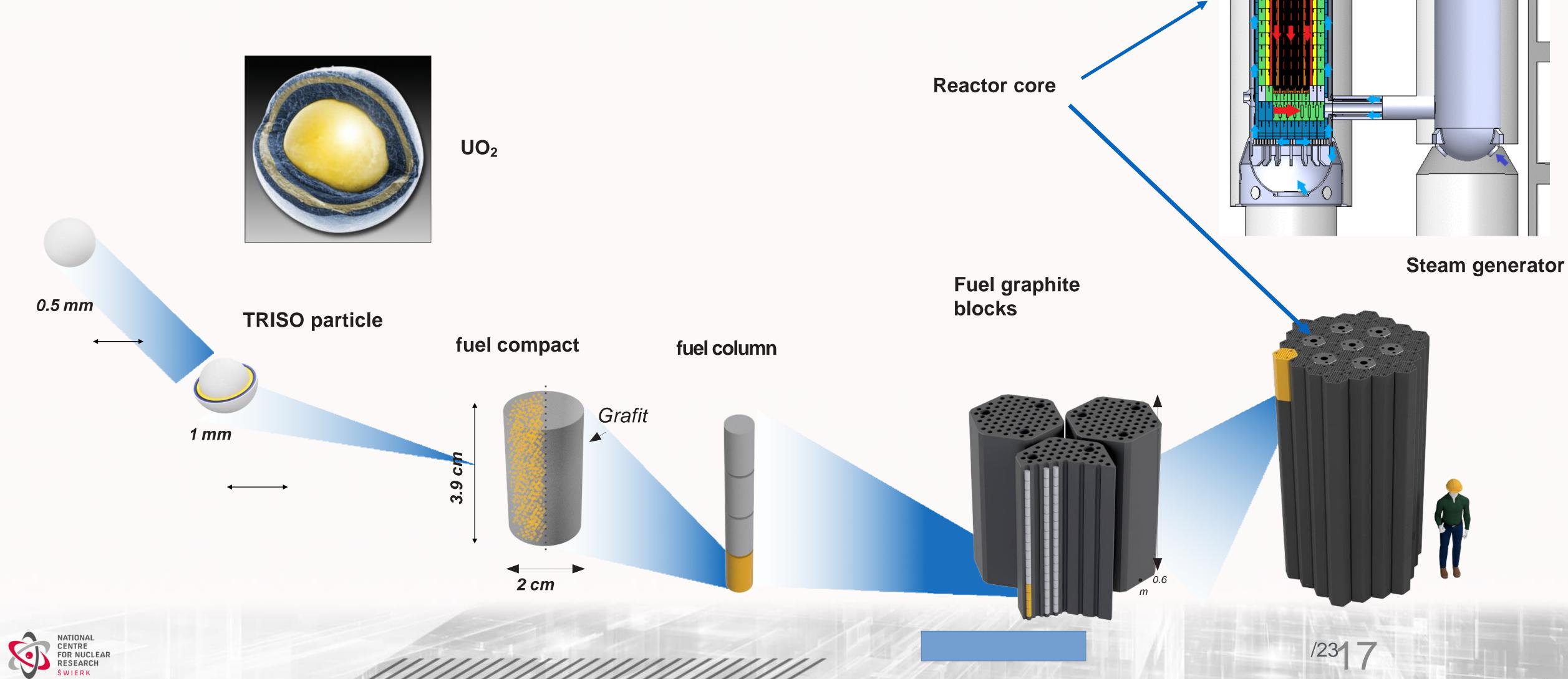
accelerating protons and alpha particles to 30 MeV and deuterons 15 MeV





HTGR-POLA - termal power 30 MW

Contract Nr 1/HTGR/2021/14 NCBJ - Ministry of Science "Technical design of High Temperature Gas Cooled Nuclear Reactor" 15 M€



Department of Fundamental Research

Nuclear Physics

Theoretical Physics

High Energy Physics

Astrophysics



A New Description of Superheavy Nuclei Synthesis

苗 03-07-2024

The heaviest known elements can only be produced under laboratory conditions. For years, nuclear physicists have been pushing the boundaries of the periodic table, trying to find the optimal reactions for synthesizing new elements. Scientists from the National Centre for Nuclear Research (NCBJ) and the Faculty of Physics at the University of Warsaw have succeeded in creating a new theoretical model that describes the key stage in the production of the heaviest atomic nuclei.

The paper has been published in the prestigious journal Physical Review C in the Letters section and is available at the following web address https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevC.109.L061603



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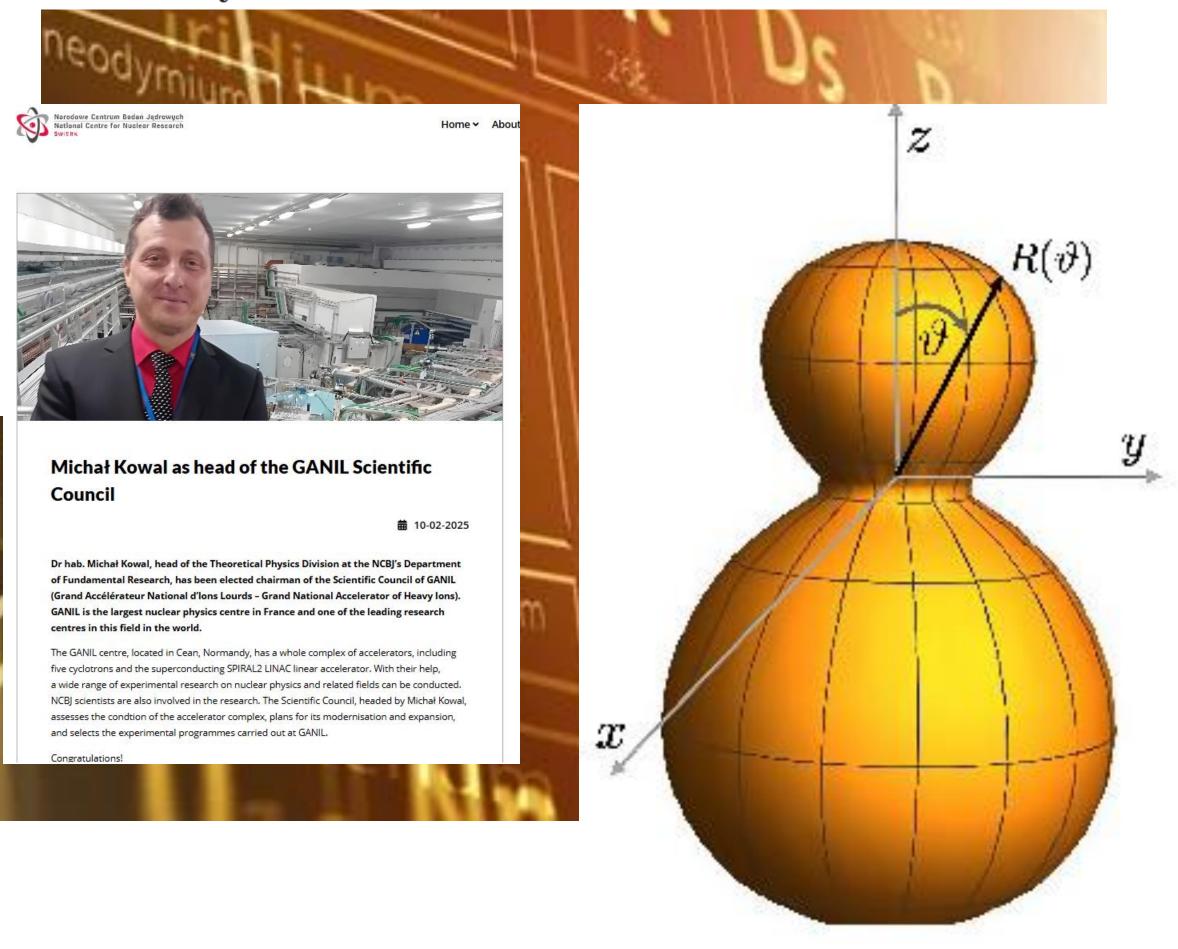
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Calculations show unexpected way to produce superheavy elements











SNETP Forum











